

# From 1 January 2014

**Transitional Sentencing Provisions:** This table is divided into thirds based on the three relevant periods of Sentencing Provisions:

- Post-transitional provisions period
- Transitional provisions period
- Pre-transitional provisions period

These periods are separated by a row which shows when the transitional provisions were enacted, and another showing when they were repealed.

### Glossary:

impimprisonmentsuspsuspendedconcconcurrentcumcumulativePGplead guiltyAggaggravatedBurgburglary

Sex Pen sexual penetration without consent AOBH assault occasioning bodily harm

GBH grievous bodily harm Dep Lib deprivation of liberty

Att attempted

EFP eligible for parole
TES total effective sentence
ISO intensive supervision order

PSO pre-sentence order
CBO community based order
wiss with intent to sell or supply

| No. | Case               | Antecedents                        | Summary/Facts                                | Sentence                              | Appeal                       |
|-----|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 12. | Winmar v The       | 22 yrs at time offending.          | Ct 1: Burg.                                  | Ct 1: 3 yrs 3 mths imp.               | Allowed.                     |
| 12. |                    | •                                  |  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Allowed.                     |
|     | State of Western   | 23 yrs at time sentencing.         | Ct 2: Stealing.                              | Ct 2: No penalty.                     |                              |
|     | Australia          | G 1 1 6 1 PG (100)                 |  | TIED                                  | Appeal concerned errors      |
|     | F40403 YYY 4 G G 4 | Convicted after early PG (10%      | The victim was not at home when Winmar       | EFP.                                  | in reasons for plea          |
|     | [2018] WASCA       | discount).                         | smashed a glass door and gained entry to     | -5                                    | discount and length of       |
|     | 155                |                                    | the house.                                   | The sentencing judge                  | sentence.                    |
|     |                    | Significant criminal history;      |  | found the appellant                   |                              |
|     | Delivered          | multiple burglary convictions;     | Winmar ransacked the premises and stole      | pleaded guilty in the                 | Resentenced to 3 yrs imp     |
|     | 03/09/2018         | previous sentences of imp.         | electronic equipment, jewellery and          | face of a strong State                | (ct 1).                      |
|     |                    |                                    | clothing valued at \$59,183. He traded these | case.                                 |                              |
|     |                    | Raised by his grandmother; death   | items for drugs.                             |                                       | At [34] The appellant's      |
|     |                    | of his mother aged 15 yrs; no      |  | No insight into                       | refusal to participate in an |
|     |                    | contact with his father.           | None of the stolen items were recovered.     | seriousness of his                    | electronically recorded      |
|     |                    |                                    |  | offending; no                         | interview with the police    |
|     |                    | Supportive family.                 | Winmar was later identified by his           | demonstrated remorse.                 | was not a relevant           |
|     |                    |                                    | fingerprints located inside the home.        |                                       | consideration in             |
|     |                    | Completed yr 10; some difficulties |  |                                       | determining the discount     |
|     |                    | academically; limited employment   |  |                                       | to be afforded under s       |
|     |                    | history.                           |  |                                       | 9AA.                         |
|     |                    |                                    | × O Y  |                                       |                              |
|     |                    | Alcohol and cannabis use from age  |  |                                       | At [35] after taking         |
|     |                    | 15 yrs; methyl from age 18 yrs;    |  |                                       | into account all of the      |
|     |                    | using cannabis and methyl daily at |  |                                       | circumstances relevant to    |
|     |                    | time offending.                    |  |                                       | the evaluation of the        |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | appropriate discount         |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | under's 9AA, including       |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | the fact that the appellant  |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | had entered the PG at the    |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | earliest reasonable          |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | opportunity and the fact     |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | that the State had a strong  |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | case, it was not open to     |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | the sentencing judge, on a   |
|     |                    |                                    |  |                                       | the sentencing judge, on a   |

|     |                  |                                  | ector of Rulolite R.     | Section                 | proper exercise of his discretion, to afford a discount of only 10%.  At [45] We would afford the appellant a discount of 20% on the 'head sentence for his plea of guilty.  At [85] the appellant's offence consisted of rummaging through the complainant's home in a highly intrusive manner. The property taken was of significant financial value, and much of it would have been or included material that was of high personal value. The property was not recovered A sentence of immediate imp is clearly the only |
|-----|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|
|     |                  | ~ ~ ~                            |                          |                         | appropriate sentencing option.  |
| 11. | Eravelly v The   | Convicted after trial.           | Ct 1: Burglary.          | Ct 1: 3 yrs imp (cum).  | Dismissed.  |
|     | State of Western | X                                | Ct 2: Dep lib.           | Ct 2: 18 mths imp       |   |
|     | Australia        | No prior criminal history in     | Ct 3: Unlawful wounding. | (conc).                 | Appeal concerned totality   |
|     |                  | Australia; prior criminal        | Cts 4 & 8: Agg sex pen.  | Ct 3: 1 yrs imp (conc). | principle.  |
|     | [2018] WASCA     | convictions in USA for voyeurism |                          | Ct 4: 4 yrs imp (cum).  |   |

|            |   |  | X                         |                              |
|------------|---|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 139        | and battery.                            | Eravelly was a stranger to the victim.       | Cts 5-7: 5 yrs imp        | At [96] the appellant        |
| I          |   |  | (conc).                   | subjected the complainant    |
| Delivered  | Raised stable, hardworking and          | In the early hours of the morning Eravelly   | Ct 8: 6 yrs imp.          | to a sustained, humiliating  |
| 10/08/2018 | respected family.                       | broke into the victim's unit whilst she was  |                           | and degrading series of      |
| I          |   | sleeping. Once inside he threatened to cut   | TES 13 yrs imp.           | sexual assaults. The attack  |
| I          | Held in high regard by family and       | her with a knife, tied her hands behind her  |                           | was premediated. It          |
| I          | friends.                                | back, blindfolded her and sexually           | The trial judge found     | involved the appellant       |
| I          |   | penetrated her vagina, anus and mouth with   | while the offending was   | violating the sanctity of    |
| I          | Good employment history;                | his penis.                                   | not in the worst          | both the complainant's       |
| I          | successful career as international      |  | category, it was very     | home and her body. The       |
| I          | airline pilot.                          | The victim sustained cuts and abrasions,     | serious; it was           | attack engendered great      |
| I          |   | including a 2cm long laceration to her wrist | premediated; he arrived   | fear into the complainant.   |
| I          | Married three times; suffered loss      | that required suturing.                      | with a knife, a torch, a  | The appellant broke into     |
| I          | of second wife due to illness; third    |  | stocking to conceal his   | her unit at night and took   |
| I          | wife remains supportive; two            | Eravelly was identified many years later     | identify and a rope to    | advantage of the             |
| I          | children.                               | through an international DNA database.       | bind his victim.          | complainant's                |
| I          |   |  |                           | vulnerability by attacking   |
| I          |   |  | The trial judge found the | her while she was alone in   |
| I          |   | x O'   | appellant was in denial   | the unit, asleep in her bed. |
| I          |   |  | and without remorse,      | This very serious            |
| I          |   |  | with no insight into his  | sustained series of sexual   |
| I          | • &                                     | 0  | offending or victim       | assaults demanded a very     |
| I          |   | ·  | empathy.                  | significant term of          |
| I          | \ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \ |  |                           | immediate imp.               |
| I          |   |  | Average risk of           |                              |
| I          | EIDE                                    |  | reoffending.              | At [99] the TES bears        |
| I          |   |  |                           | a proper relationship to     |
| I          |   |  | Accepted the appellant's  | the overall criminality      |
| I          | X                                       |  | experience in prison      | involved in all the          |
| I          |   |  | would be more isolating   | offences, viewed in their    |
| ı          |   |  | and difficult than usual  | entirety and having regard   |

as a foreign national.

to the circumstances of

|     |                   |                                      |   |                            | the case,                   |
|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10. | Woods v The State | 21 yrs at time offending.            | Ct 1: Agg robbery.                            | Ct 1: 3 yrs 6 mths imp     | Allowed.                    |
|     | of Western        | 22 yrs at time sentencing.           | Cts 2 & 12: Burg.                             | (cum).                     |                             |
|     | Australia         |                                      | Cts 3-5, 7-8, 10-11 & 13: Agg burg.           | Cts 2 and 12: 1 yr imp     | Appeal concerned totality   |
|     |                   | Convicted after early PG (25%        | Ct 6: Agg armed robbery.                      | each ct (ct 2 cum all      | principle. Individual       |
|     | [2017] WASCA      | discount).                           | Ct 9: Att agg burg.                           | other cts conc).           | sentences were not          |
|     | 179               |                                      |   | Cts 3-5, 7-8, 10-11 and    | challenged.                 |
|     |                   | Extensive and persistent criminal    | The offences were committed over a five       | 13: 18 months imp each     |                             |
|     | Delivered         | history; including serious offences  | week period.                                  | ct (conc).                 | Resentenced. Orders in      |
|     | 29/09/2017        | as a child; no prior sentences of    |   | Ct 6: 5 yrs imp (cum).     | relation to conc, cum and   |
|     |                   | imp.                                 | <u>Ct 1</u>                                   | Ct 9: 2 yrs imp (conc).    | backdating set aside.       |
|     |                   |                                      | Woods got into the passenger's seat of a      |                            |                             |
|     |                   | Sentenced SGMC further 77            | car. Snatching the keys from the 83 yr-old    | TES 9 yrs 6 mths imp.      | Cts 2 and 8 cum upon        |
|     |                   | offences, 6 mths imp; conc with      | driver's hands she ordered her out of the     |                            | each other, cum upon        |
|     |                   | each other; conc with TES for        | vehicle, before forcibly pulling her from the | EFP.                       | individual sentences for ct |
|     |                   | offences subject of this matter.     | car and stealing it. The car was extensively  |                            | 6.                          |
|     |                   |                                      | damaged and written off.                      | The sentencing judge       |                             |
|     |                   | Dysfunctional childhood; mother      |   | found the appellant's      | All other counts conc with  |
|     |                   | mentally ill; absent father; exposed | <u>Ct 2</u>                                   | offending demonstrated     | each other and conc with    |
|     |                   | illicit drugs from young age;        | About a fortnight later Woods forced entry    | 'a degree not simply of    | sentence for ct 6.          |
|     |                   | sexually abused aged 12 yrs; deeply  | into a home and stole car keys and used       | deliberation but of some   |                             |
|     |                   | affected by suicide of a relation;   | them to steal a vehicle.                      | calculation' in            | TES 7 yrs 6 mths imp.       |
|     |                   | little or no family support.         | Y   | particular, several of the |                             |
|     |                   |                                      | <u>Ct 3</u>                                   | offences involved the      | EFP.                        |
|     |                   | First relationship marred by         | The next day Woods entered a home and         | targeting of elderly       |                             |
|     |                   | domestic violence; two young         | rummaged through a handbag. She fled          | women.                     | At [50] The appellant's     |
|     |                   | children from union cared for by     | when disturbed.                               |                            | overall offending was       |
|     |                   | grandmother.                         |   | The sentencing judge       | very serious Most of        |
|     |                   |                                      | <u>Ct 4</u>                                   | found the seriousness of   | the offences involved       |
|     |                   | Alcohol and inhalants from 11 yrs;   | The following day Woods forced entered to     | the offending 'so great    | some premeditation,         |
|     |                   | methyl aged 14 yrs.                  | another home and stole numerous items.        | that deterrence and        | calculation and planning.   |
|     |                   |                                      | The occupant and a friend were home at the    | punishment and the         | The appellant               |

protection of the specifically and time. community, particularly intentionally targeted Ct 5 elderly women. vulnerable members of Two days later Woods entered a house and the community who the stole a wallet. She fled when disturbed. appellant showed a At [53] ... It was Returning a short time later to steal a car. tendency to target necessary, in order outweighed her properly to mark the individual needs'. appellant's overall Ct 6 Two days later Woods went to a house and criminality in committing asked the 72 yr-old occupant to use her numerous serious phone. This was denied so she forced a offences, to accumulate window to gain entry. Armed with a knife, some of the individual she raised it in an aggressive manner and sentences. However, the demanded jewellery and the car keys. The TES ... was ... severe occupant feared for her life and told Woods having regard to all she felt unwell and asked her to call for an relevant sentencing ambulance. Woods declined and left. factors and all relevant stealing a number of items, including a sentencing principles ... mobile phone and car. At [73] ... the magistrate's sentencing Ct 7 The following day Woods entered a home, decision (including the but fled when disturbed. facts and circumstances of the 77 offences with Ct 8 which the decision was The same day Woods went to a house and concerned) should be asked the 82 yr old occupant for directions. taken into account in the She was permitted into the house. Once application of the totality inside she stole car keys and a car. The car principle (in particular, in was extensively damaged. the backdating of the new TES) when this court

Ct 9

resentences the appellant

|    |                  |                                    | The next day Woods knocked on the door of another home and asked the occupant to call a taxi. When the occupant was on the phone Woods attempted to enter the house.  Ct 10  The same day Woods ran inside a house after asking her to call a taxi. She stole a handbag and car keys. Using the keys she then stole a car.  Ct 11  The same day Woods entered another home. She was disturbed after stealing car keys, which she used to steal a car.  Ct 12  The same day Woods forced entry into a further home and damaged items inside. She also stole personal items, including a hearing aid and WWII medals and car keys. Using the keys she stole the occupant's car. | Section                 | in respect of the 13 cts in the indictment. |
|----|------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|
|    |                  |                                    | Osing the keys she stole the occupant's car.  Ct 13  A few days later Woods entered a house and stole jewellery. The occupant was at home at the time.  |                         |   |
| 9. | Cummins v The    | 31 yrs at time sentencing.         | Ct 1: Steal motor vehicle.  | Ct 1: 18 mths imp       | Dismissed.                                  |
|    | State of Western | X                                  | Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle drive recklessly.   | (conc).                 |   |
|    | Australia        | Convicted after PG (25% discount). | Ct 3: Threats with intent to compel.  | Ct 2: 3 yrs 6 mths imp. | Appeal concerned totality.                  |
|    |                  |                                    | Ct 4: Att steal motor vehicle.  | Ct 3: 2 yrs 4 mths imp  |   |
|    | [2017] WASCA     | Lengthy prior criminal history;    | Ct 5: Burglary.   | (conc).                 | At [41] Clearly this                        |

|            |                                      |   | :10,                         |                              |
|------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 135        | previous offences of stealing a      | Ct 6: Steal motor vehicle drive recklessly.   | Ct 4: 8 mths imp (cum        | was an extremely serious     |
|            | motor vehicle and reckless driving;  | •   | on ct 2).                    | course of criminal           |
| Delivered  | first custodial sentence aged 17;    | Cummins met the owner of a motor vehicle      | Ct 5: 2 yrs 6 mths imp       | conduct. The driving-        |
| 20/07/2017 | most of his adult life spent in      | advertised for sale. Following a test drive   | (conc).                      | related offences involved    |
|            | prison; difficulties with            | he drove off in the car at high speed (ct 1). | Ct 6:3 yrs 8 mths imp        | highly dangerous actions     |
|            | reintegration.                       |   | (cum on ct 2).               | that put the lives of many   |
|            |                                      | Several days later Cummins was seen           |                              | members of the public at     |
|            | Average childhood; supportive        | driving the stolen car. Police requested he   | TES 7 yrs 10 mths imp.       | risk. In both instances, the |
|            | parents; family home free from       | stop by activating their vehicle's emergency  |                              | driving persisted and was    |
|            | abuse or illicit substance use;      | lights and siren, but he accelerated away at  | EFP.                         | agg by the fact the          |
|            | currently not close to his family.   | high speed. To evade police he weaved in      |                              | appellant was seeking to     |
|            |                                      | and out of traffic at high speed, crossed to  | Ct 4 reduced from 12         | flee from police and that    |
|            | Left school aged 13; worked as       | the incorrect side of the road, failed to     | mths to 8 mths imp on        | he had no authority to       |
|            | plasterers apprentice; not employed  | observe a stop sign and drove through a       | totality principle.          | drive. The threat charge     |
|            | since aged 17.                       | busy intersection, forcing other cars to      |                              | was also a very serious      |
|            |                                      | brake heavily to avoid a collision (ct 2).    | The sentencing judge         | offence That offence         |
|            | Father of three children to two      |   | found the theft of the car   | was agg not only by the      |
|            | partners; first relationship         | In the hour following Cummins was             | the subject of ct 1 a        | terms of the threat, but     |
|            | characterised by illicit substance   | involved in a number of crashes whilst        | premediated and              | that it was accompanied      |
|            | use and domestic violence; current   | driving the stolen car. Armed with a          | planned theft.               | by use of a highly           |
|            | partner supportive and disapproving  | samurai sword in a sheath he got out of the   |                              | dangerous weapon that        |
|            | of illicit substance use.            | car and hit cars as they past, attempting to  | The sentencing judge         | was wielded in a             |
|            |                                      | open the doors of cars, before they sped off. | described the appellant's    | menacing way and that        |
|            | Significant use of illicit drugs;    | He then ran towards the victim and yelled     | driving as appalling and     | the appellant pursued the    |
|            | commenced using methyl aged 13;      | for him to give him his car keys. Pulling the | that he 'selfishly put the   | complainant whilst           |
|            | heavily under the influence of drugs | sword from its sheath he pointed it at the    | lives and safety of other    | brandishing the weapon.      |
|            | at time of offending.                | victim, demanding his car keys or he would    | road users at significant    | A . 5503                     |
|            | C                                    | chop is head off. Out of fear the victim      | risk'.                       | At [58] it is relevant to    |
|            |                                      | dropped his keys for him to take (ct 3).      | Tile a service since in deep | consider the sentences       |
|            | O y                                  | Hoine the bone Commine attenuate 1 to a test  | The sentencing judge         | imposed on the individual    |
|            |                                      | Using the keys Cummins attempted to start     | found ct 3 was a very        | cts. In this regard, other   |
| <u> </u>   |                                      | the victim's vehicle. Unable to do so he      | serious offence; being       | cases dealing with           |

|    |                  |   | chased the victim to a house whilst brandishing the samurai sword, striking the | armed with a sword lent credence to the threat. | offences of agg stealing of a motor vehicle that |
|----|------------------|---|---|---|--|
|    |                  |   | front door before running off (ct 4).   | A - 11-14 - 4 11-15 - 11 - C                    | are relevant                                     |
|    |                  |   | Cummins jumped into the rear yard of a  | Appellant at high risk of committing further    | demonstrate that the sentences imposed on cts    |
|    |                  |   | neighbouring property. Entering the home  | serious offences;                               | 2 and 6 were within the                          |
|    |                  |   | through an unlocked door he stole the keys                                      | remorseful and insight                          | customary discretionary                          |
|    |                  |   | to a vehicle, got into the car parked in the                                    | into the seriousness of                         | range for offences of this                       |
|    |                  |   | driveway and driving off at speed (ct 5).                                       | his offending.                                  | nature and this level of seriousness. There is   |
|    |                  |   | A short time later he was seen by police  |   | nothing to suggest that the                      |
|    |                  |   | driving the stolen vehicle. He failed to stop                                   |   | sentences imposed for the                        |
|    |                  |   | and accelerated away at high speed when   |   | threat offence, ct 3, or the                     |
|    |                  |   | requested to stop. He weaved in and out of                                      |   | burglary offence, ct 5,                          |
|    |                  |   | heavy traffic, causing vehicles to brake  |   | were outside the                                 |
|    |                  |   | heavily to avoid being hit. He drove  |   | customary range for those                        |
|    |                  |   | through a busy shopping centre carpark at                                       |   | offences.  |
|    |                  |   | high speed, crossed to the incorrect side of                                    |   |  |
|    |                  |   | the road, through red traffic lights and rammed numerous vehicles in order to   |   |  |
|    |                  |   | escape police. His vehicle was eventually                                       |   |  |
|    |                  |   | intercepted by a police and he was arrested.                                    |   |  |
| 8. | Mogridge v The   | 30 yrs at time sentencing.                                    | Indictment  | Indictment                                      | Dismissed – on papers.                           |
|    | State of Western | 2 2 7 22 th time sentenemy.                                   | 1 x Robbery.  | 3 yrs imp.                                      | on pupers.                                       |
|    | Australia        | Convicted after early PG.                                     | J. J  | J v P   | Appellant challenged                             |
|    |                  |   | Breach of SIO   | Breach of SIO                                   | individual sentence for                          |
|    | [2016] WASCA     | Subject to a SIO and CBO at time                              | 1 x Burg.   | Burg: 3 mths imp (cum).                         | the Robbery offence,                             |
|    | 205              | offending.  | 2 x Burg with intent.   | Burg with intent: 6 mths                        | totality, and sentencing                         |
|    |                  | X   | 2 x Unlawful poss.  | imp (cum).                                      | judge's failure to state                         |
|    | Delivered        | Lengthy criminal history, including                           |   | Burg with intent: 3 mths                        | discount provided for PG.                        |
|    | 29/11/2016       | property offences and violent offences. Mogridge has breached | Breach of CBO 1 x Breach police order.  | imp (cum). 2 x Unlawful poss: 3                 |  |
|    |                  |   |   |   | At [40] While the robbery                        |

every court order previously imposed upon him.

Deprived childhood; exposed to domestic violence and chronic illicit drug and alcohol abuse.

Diagnosed schizophrenic, with multiple admissions to Graylands Hospital.

Antisocial personality disorder.

Illicit drug use.

- 1 x Breach of protective bail condition.
- 1 x Damaging property.
- 1 x Disorderly conduct.
- 4 x Stealing.

#### Indictment

M entered a shop and stole an iPad and two bags belonging to the shop's owner (the victim). The victim's wife and 4 yr-old son were present. The victim tried to prevent M from leaving and during a struggle M punched the victim in the face. M dropped the stolen items and left.

## **Breach SIO**

M smashed the rear glass doors of an Indian restaurant and entered with others, but could not find anything to steal (burg with intent).

M smashed a window of a pharmacy, entered and smashed an internal wall. Two co-offenders wanted to steal drugs and M assisted to receive \$50 (burg with intent).

M was found in poss of property worth in excess of \$500 (unlawful poss).

M forced entry to a shopping centre and stole 189 SIM cards valued at \$378 from a kiosk (burg). M was found by police in poss of the SIM cards and other items (unlawful

mths imp each (conc).

Breach police order: 3

## Breach of CBO

mths imp (conc).

Breach bail: no sentence.

Damaging property: 6 mths imp (conc).

Disorderly conduct: \$250 fine.

3 x Stealing: 3 mths imp each (conc).

TES 4 yrs imp; \$250 fine.

1 x Stealing: no

sentence (s 11).

EFP.

Sentences for breach of CBO made conc for totality reasons.

Sentencing judge found that Mogridge's mental illness was not at the root of his offending; illicit drug use was the cause of offending. offence committed by the appellant was not at the upper end of seriousness of offences of robbery, it was not at the lower end of the scale and involved considerable criminality. The appellant used actual violence upon the victim to steal the iPad and the two bags. The offence was committed in the presence of the victim's wife and young child... The appellant was, at the time, subject to the CBO and the SIO. Specific deterrence and the need to provide public protection were matters of importance.

At [41] The appellant ... has a very long and serious criminal history... he suffers from a significant mental illness, but that illness was not causative of his offending, nor will it result in imp being more onerous for him than in the ordinary

| poss).  Breach CBO After the burg on the Indian restaurant subject to SIO, M smashed the glass panel to the doors (damaging property).  Marroched a convinder and stella property  Not a good vehicle for general deterrence because of his mental illicit drug use, the real driver of offending, and I very high risk of reoffending.  Were held a convinder and stella property  Marroched a convinder and stella property. | al with his which is f his the has no effects g has on |
|--|--|
| Breach CBO After the burg on the Indian restaurant subject to SIO, M smashed the glass panel to the doors (damaging property).  Breach CBO After the burg on the Indian restaurant subject to SIO, M smashed the glass panel to the doors (damaging property).  Very high risk of reoffending.  because of his mental illicit drug use, the real driver of offending, and I was the reoffending.                               | which is f his he has no effects g has on              |
| After the burg on the Indian restaurant subject to SIO, M smashed the glass panel to the doors (damaging property).  Wery high risk of reoffending.  the real driver of offending, and leading to the doors (damaging property).   | f his<br>he has no<br>effects<br>g has on              |
| subject to SIO, M smashed the glass panel to the doors (damaging property).  Very high risk of insight into the reoffending.  that his offending   | e has no<br>effects<br>g has on                        |
| to the doors (damaging property). Very high risk of reoffending. insight into the that his offending.  | effects<br>g has on                                    |
| reoffending. that his offending.   | g has on   |
|  |  |
| Managhad a convindent and stale managhar   | •  |
| M smashed a car window and stole property his victims. His   | prospects  |
| valued at approx. \$700 (stealing). No remorse; inability to for rehabilitatio   |  |
| accept responsibility for   to be very poor  | and he   |
| M yelled obscenities and threats at his offending behaviour. poses a very high   |  |
| mother after being issued with a 72-hr reoffending.  |  |
| police order prohibiting him from entering   |  |
| her house or approaching within 100 m of  At [45] Her House  | our erred  |
| her (disorderly conduct). M was arrested by overlooking  |  |
| and released on protective bail. He later hid the extent of the  |  |
| in his mother's unit in breach of the police for the PG. How   |  |
| order and protective bail conditions (breach this case, the en   |  |
| offences).   |  |
| reasonably argu  |  |
|  |  |
| M stole property valued at \$50 from a car  (tablia) M saturated to the same address.  |  |
| (stealing). M returned to the same address relevant sentence   | _  |
| and stole \$50 in change from another car considerations (   |  |
| (stealing). the PG), that did  |  |
| individual sente   |  |
| M was charged with stealing for the stolen different TES sl  |  |
| SIM cards he took in the burg subject to been imposed  |  |
| SIO (stealing).  |  |
| 7.   Garraway v The   32 yrs at time of sentence.   Ct 1: Armed Robbery.   Ct 1: 2 yrs 10 mths imp.   Dismissed – on   | papers.  |
| State of Western Ct 2: Burg. Ct 2: 1 yr 11 mths imp.   |  |
| Australia Significant criminal history, Ct 3: Stealing. Ct 3: nil. At [27] the approximately contained by the significant criminal history, and the significant criminal history.  | pellant  |
| including offences of violence and has fallen well s   | hort of  |

| 2015] WASCA   240   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   27/11/2015   Delivered   27/11/2015   Delivered   Delivered   27/11/2015   Delivered   27/11/2015   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   Delivered   27/11/2015   Delivered   Del    |    |                  |                                     |  |                          |                             |
|---|----|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Deprived upbringing and limited education. Depressed and suicidal.  Lengthy history of illicit drug and alcohol abuse.  Soung children from two relationships.  Soung   |    |                  | burglary.                           | `  |                          |                             |
| Delivered 27/11/2015    Convicted after trial cts 3:5 and 7-  |    | 240              |                                     | AOBH on partner).                            | imp. To be served        | total effective sentence    |
| The appellant approached the victim and used the victim's mobile phone to make a call. After this the victim walked away. The appellant approached the victim walked away. The appellant pulled a sked to use his phone. The victim said no. The appellant pulled a syringe from his pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim, sailying yie us your phone or I'll slab you.' The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 2 and 3:  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after trial cits 3-5 and 7- 11: Receiving.  Convicted after trial cits 3-5 and 7- 11: Receiving.  Offending breached SIO and bail.  The appellant approached the victim walked away. The appellant pulled a syringe from his pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim sain on satisfied appellant demonstrated genuine remorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment  Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  | Deprived upbringing and limited     |  |                          | imposed upon him            |
| Lengthy history of illicit drug and alcohol abuse.  alcohol abuse.  5 young children from two relationships.  FEP.  asked to use his phone. The victim said no. The appellant approached the victim, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 2 and 3:  The appellant went to the Broome Bouleward Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Lengthy history of illicit drug and alcohol abuse.  all. After this the victim walked away. The appellant walked away in the appellant of spring in the circumstances of the case, including those factors referable to the appellant personally, the sentence reflected a sound exercise of his Honour's sentencing discretion.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant went to the Broome Bouleward Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    | Delivered        | education. Depressed and suicidal.  |  | and 2.                   | infringes the first limb of |
| alcohol abuse.    Soung children from two relationships.   Call. After this the victim walked away. The appellant approached the victim again and now relationships.   EFP.   |    | 27/11/2015       |                                     | The appellant approached the victim and      |                          | the totality principle.     |
| appellant approached the victim again and asked to use his phone. The victim said no. The appellant pulled a syringe from his pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 2 and 3: The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Offending breached SIO and bail.  appellant approached the victim again and asked to use his phone. The victim said no. The appellant pulled a syringe from his pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 2 and 3:  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: 25 mths imp (come).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc). Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  |    |                  | Lengthy history of illicit drug and | used the victim's mobile phone to make a     | TES 5 yrs 6 mths imp.    | Having regard to the        |
| 5 young children from two relationships.  5 young children from two rhe appellant the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  5 young children from two rhe case, including those factors referable to the appellant demonstrated genuine remorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  5 young children from two fellons away.  Ct 2 and 3:  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  10 2015] WASCA  224  224  224  225  5 young children from two riths a problem to the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give us at satisfied appellant demonstrated genuine remorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 character |    |                  | alcohol abuse.                      | call. After this the victim walked away. The |                          | appellant's total           |
| relationships.  The appellant pulled a syringe from his pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victin, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and permeditated.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11.  [2015] WASCA 224  Offending breached SIO and bail.  The appellant pulled a syringe from his pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victin, saying 'give us satisfied appellant demonstrated genuine remorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Plantal memorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Plantal memorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Plantal memorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Plantal memorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  |                                     | appellant approached the victim again and    | EFP.                     | criminality and all of the  |
| pocket, took off the protective cap and pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA  224  Dismissed.  Ct 1: Do appellant demonstrated genuine remorse.  Satisfied appellant demonstrated genuine remorse.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Dismissed.  Ct 1: S mths imp (cum).  Ct 2: S teal motor vehicle.  Ct 3-1 s mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  | 5 young children from two           | asked to use his phone. The victim said no.  |                          | circumstances of the case,  |
| pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give us your phone or I'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 2 and 3: The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Dismissed.  Ct 1: not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Personally, the sentenc reflected a sound exercise of his Honour's sentencing discretion.  Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Personally, the sentence reflected a sound exercise of his Honour's sentencing discretion.  Ct 1: not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Promote Australia  Ct 1: not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Promote Australia Promote Australia Subject of the appellant to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  | relationships.                      | The appellant pulled a syringe from his      | Sentencing judge not     | including those factors     |
| tus your phone or 1'll stab you'. The appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Dismissed.  Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  |                                     | pocket, took off the protective cap and      | satisfied appellant      | referable to the appellant  |
| appellant grabbed the phone and walked away.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  [2015] WASCA 224  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Dismissed.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Plantical meditated.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Indictment Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  |    |                  |                                     | pointed it towards the victim, saying 'give  | demonstrated genuine     | personally, the sentence    |
| away.  Ct 1 not at high end scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  |                                     | us your phone or I'll stab you'. The         | remorse.                 | reflected a sound exercise  |
| Ct 2 and 3: The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA 224 Offending breached SIO and bail.  Scale of seriousness. Ct 2 and 3 characterised as 'significant' as it was planned and premeditated.  Indictment Ct 1: Burg (residential). Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle. Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). appellant's offending; the   |    |                  |                                     | appellant grabbed the phone and walked       |                          | of his Honour's             |
| Ct 2 and 3: The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass redoined and premeditated.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA 224  Ct 2 and 3: The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: Burg (residential). Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle. Cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving. Cts 3-5 and  |    |                  |                                     | away.  | Ct 1 not at high end     | sentencing discretion.      |
| The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA [224] Coffending breached SIO and bail.  The appellant went to the Broome Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum). Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle. Ct 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving. Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle. Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  |    |                  |                                     |  | scale of seriousness. Ct |                             |
| Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA 224  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  appellant's offending; the   |    |                  |                                     | <u>Ct 2 and 3:</u>                           | 2 and 3 characterised as |                             |
| the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA [224]  Offending breached SIO and bail.  the glass fire door to gain entry. The appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   |    |                  |                                     | The appellant went to the Broome             | 'significant' as it was  |                             |
| appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western  Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA  [2015] WASCA  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Appellant then smashed the glass window of Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment  Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  |    |                  |                                     | Boulevard Shopping Centre and smashed        | planned and              |                             |
| Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7- [2015] WASCA [11.]  [2015] WASCA [224]  Offending breached SIO and bail.  Dismissed.  Ct 1: Burg (residential).  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  appellant's offending; the   |    |                  |                                     |  | premeditated.            |                             |
| brick to break a glass cabinet and stole 15 mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7- 11: Receiving.  Convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7- 11: Receiving.   |    |                  |                                     |  |                          |                             |
| mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  6. Newport v The State of Western Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA [224]  Offending breached SIO and bail.  mobile phones, to the value of \$11,300.  Indictment Ct 1: 25 mths imp (cum). At [42] the burg represented a significant escalation in the seriousness of the Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). appellant's offending; the  |    |                  | • 🔊                                 | Dick Smith store with a brick. He used the   |                          |                             |
| 6.Newport v The<br>State of Western<br>Australia32 yrs at time offending.Indictment<br>Ct 1: Burg (residential).Indictment<br>Ct 1: Burg (residential).Dismissed.Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2;<br>convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-<br>11.Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.<br>Cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.(cum).At [42] the burg<br>represented a significant<br>escalation in the<br>Section 32 Notice<br>Ch 1: Reckless driving.224Offending breached SIO and bail.Section 32 Notice<br>Ch 1: Reckless driving.(conc).Seriousness of the<br>appellant's offending; the   |    |                  |                                     |  |                          |                             |
| State of Western<br>AustraliaCt 1: Burg (residential).Ct 1: 25 mths imp<br>(cum).At [42] the burg<br>represented a significant<br>escalation in the[2015] WASCA11.Ct 3: 5 and 7-11: Receiving.Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).represented a significant<br>escalation in the<br>seriousness of the<br>Ch 1: Reckless driving.   |    |                  | У,                                  |  |                          |                             |
| Australia  Convicted after PG to ct 1 and 2; convicted after trial cts 3-5 and 7-  [2015] WASCA  [2015] WASCA  Ct 2: Steal motor vehicle.  Ct 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).  appellant's offending; the   | 6. |                  | 32 yrs at time offending.           |  |                          | Dismissed.                  |
| [2015] WASCA [2015] WASCA 224    Cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.   Ct 2: 8 mths imp (conc).   represented a significant   escalation in the   seriousness of the   Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc).   Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc).   represented a significant   escalation in the   seriousness of the   appellant's offending; the   concolumn   conco  |    | State of Western |                                     |  | Ct 1: 25 mths imp        |                             |
| [2015] WASCA 224  11.  Section 32 Notice Ch 1: Reckless driving.  Ct 3: 18 mths imp (conc). Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). appellant's offending; the   |    | Australia        |                                     |  | `                        |                             |
| 224 Section 32 Notice (conc). seriousness of the Ch 1: Reckless driving. Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). appellant's offending; the  |    |                  |                                     | Cts 3-5 and 7-11: Receiving.                 | * '                      |                             |
| Offending breached SIO and bail. Ch 1: Reckless driving. Ct 4: 9 mths imp (conc). appellant's offending; the  |    |                  | 11.                                 |  | *                        |                             |
|   |    | 224              |                                     |  | ` /                      |                             |
| Delivered Ch 2: Failure to stop. Ct 5: 10 mths imp appellant had a history of   |    |                  | Offending breached SIO and bail.    |  |                          |                             |
| 257. Talliant to stop.  |    | Delivered        |                                     | Ch 2: Failure to stop.                       | Ct 5: 10 mths imp        | appellant had a history of  |

| 12/11/2015 | Prior criminal history of summary  | Ch 3: No authority to drive.                 | (conc).                  | persistent offending.       |
|------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
|            | offences.                          | Ch 4: Steal motor vehicle.                   | Ct 7: 18 mths imp        |                             |
|            |                                    |  | (conc).                  | At [50] the value of the    |
|            | Unemployed.                        | <u>Cts 1-2</u>                               | Ct 8: 20 mths imp        | property taken was 'not     |
|            |                                    | Newport smashed a rear bedroom window        | (cum).                   | insignificant' andsome      |
|            | Two children from prior            | and entered the house. The victim was not    | Ct 9: 17 mths imp        | of the stolen items were    |
|            | relationship.                      | home. He stole various items to the value of | (conc).                  | of 'significant personal    |
|            |                                    | \$5,000.                                     | Ct 10: 15 mths imp       | value' to the victim        |
|            | Entrenched and significant         |  | (conc).                  |                             |
|            | substance abuse problem.           | Newport took car keys and used them to       | Ct 11. 18 mths imp       | At [58] The appellant's     |
|            |                                    | steal a car parked at the house. The car was | (conc).                  | offending occurred over a   |
|            | History of poor problem solving,   | recovered from Newport's home.               |                          | relatively short period of  |
|            | antisocial decision-making and low |  | Section 32 Notice        | time. However, the          |
|            | self-confidence.                   | Cts 3-11                                     | Ch 1: 3 mths imp (conc)  | offences did not form a     |
|            |                                    | These offences were committed over a         | and 24 mths driver's     | single criminal enterprise, |
|            | Failed to comply with prior        | period of approx. one month.                 | licence disqualification | apart from the offences     |
|            | requirements to undertake          |  | (cum).                   | alleged in cts 1 and 2 of   |
|            | counselling and CBO.               | Newport received property, including a       | Ch 2: \$150 fine.        | the indictment. Rather,     |
|            |                                    | motorcycle and Toyota van, he knew had       | Ch 3: 7 mths imp (conc)  | the offences constituted a  |
|            |                                    | been obtained from a burg (cts 3-5).         | and 16 mths driver's     | course of persistent        |
|            |                                    |  | licence disqualification | offending.                  |
|            | • &                                | Newport received from burgs various          | (cum).                   |                             |
|            |                                    | electrical and personal items (cts 7-11).    | Ch 4: 10 mths imp        |                             |
|            |                                    |  | (cum).                   |                             |
|            |                                    | Section 32 Notice                            |                          |                             |
|            |                                    | Newport drove a stolen motorcycle, without   | Breach of SIO            |                             |
|            |                                    | a licence. In order to evade police he drove | 3 mths imp (cum).        |                             |
|            |                                    | at speeds in excess of 80km per hour in a    |                          |                             |
|            | e file                             | 50km per hour speed limit zone and on the    | TES 4 yrs 10 mths imp.   |                             |
|            |                                    | wrong side of the road.                      |                          |                             |
|            |                                    |  | EFP.                     |                             |
|            |                                    |  |                          |                             |

|    |                  | T                                    |  |  |                          |
|----|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|
|    |                  |                                      |  | The sentencing judge                   |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | was not satisfied the                  |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | appellant was shown to                 |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | have been in the                       |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | business of a fence (a                 |                          |
|    |                  |                                      | - 8  | distributor for reward of              |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | unlawfully obtained                    |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | property).                             |                          |
|    |                  |                                      | , C. Y   | property).                             |                          |
|    |                  |                                      | A'AO   | Damagaful, sama                        |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | Remorseful; some                       |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | prospects of                           |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  | rehabilitation.                        |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  |  |                          |
| 5. | Harding v The    | 30 yrs at time sentencing.           | <u>Indictment</u>                              | <u>Indictment</u>                      | Dismissed.               |
|    | State of Western |                                      | Burg (residential) x 1.                        | 2 yrs imp.                             |                          |
|    | Australia        | Convicted after PG.                  | C Y  |  | Error as to maximum      |
|    |                  |                                      | Section 32                                     | Section 32                             | penalty not material in  |
|    | [2015] WASCA     | Significant prior criminal history   | 17 charges.                                    | Various imp terms                      | this case.               |
|    | 27               | including convictions of burg,       | × O Y  | totalling 4 yrs imp                    |                          |
|    |                  | stealing, stealing motor vehicle and | <u>Indictment</u>                              | (cum).                                 | At [80] This is          |
|    | Delivered        | reckless driving.                    | The appellant was inadvertently released       |  | undoubtedly a serious    |
|    | 11/02/2015       | • 4                                  | from custody for other charges on 21 March     | TES 6 yrs imp.                         | offence At the time he   |
|    |                  | Parents separated when appellant     | 2012.  |  | committed the offence he |
|    |                  | was 18 mths old; raised by father;   |  | EFP.                                   | had been inadvertently   |
|    |                  | minimal contact with mother;         | During the day of 29 March 2012 the            |  | released from custody.   |
|    |                  | issues relating to abandonment by    | appellant gained entry to the backyard of a    | Repeat offender.                       | This situation is        |
|    |                  | mother; issues arising from          | house. He climbed the top of a structure       | F - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - 22 - | analogous to someone     |
|    |                  | assertion of being sexually abused   | over the patio at the rear of the house and    | Prone to reoffend within               | who is on bail.          |
|    |                  | as a child.                          | climbed to a balcony at the first floor level. | a short time of release                | Willo 15 off buil.       |
|    |                  | as a cinia.                          | He forced open a partially open window         | due to drug addiction;                 |                          |
|    |                  | Sister died from heroin overdose     | and entered the house. He went                 | lacks the skills to                    |                          |
|    |                  |                                      |  |  |                          |
|    |                  | when appellant was 14 yrs;           | systematically through all the rooms of the    | independently address                  |                          |

|    |                  | appellant started performing badly | house, stealing various items to a total     | the core issues of his |                      |
|----|------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------------|
|    |                  | at school and using heroin.        | value of \$11,837.91.                        | substance abuse.       |                      |
|    |                  |                                    |  |                        |                      |
|    |                  | Left school in year 10; largely    | Section 32                                   | Remorseful.            |                      |
|    |                  | unemployed.                        | On five dates between 17 October 2011 and    |                        |                      |
|    |                  |                                    | 4 April 2013, the appellant committed        | Erroneously stated     |                      |
|    |                  | History of drug abuse; addicted to | assault with intent to prevent arrest,       | offence was agg burg   |                      |
|    |                  | heroin at time offending; previous | obstructing police officers and multiple     | with maximum penalty   |                      |
|    |                  | attempts to cure drug addiction    | property, drug and driving offences.         | of 20 yrs imp, when in |                      |
|    |                  | failed.                            |  | fact offence committed |                      |
|    |                  |                                    |  | was burg with maximum  |                      |
|    |                  |                                    |  | penalty of 18 yrs imp. |                      |
| 4. | McColl v The     | 36 yrs at time sentencing.         | Burg (residential) x 1.                      | 20 mths imp.           | Dismissed.           |
|    | State of Western |                                    | Burg (commercial) x1                         | 9 mths imp (cum).      |                      |
|    | Australia        | Convicted after PG.                | No MDL (suspended) x 1.                      | 3mths (cum).           | Single Judge Appeal. |
|    |                  |                                    | Oy   |                        |                      |
|    | [2014] WASC 300  | Significant criminal history.      | The appellant entered the victim's house by  | TES 32 mths imp.       |                      |
|    |                  |                                    | smashing a railing and retrieving a lockbox  |                        |                      |
|    | Delivered        | Unfortunate upbringing.            | which contained a copy of the house key.     | Very high risk of re-  |                      |
|    | 22/08/2014       |                                    | Inside he stole a number of items.           | offending.             |                      |
|    |                  | Recent tragedy involving his       | 2.9  |                        |                      |
|    |                  | brother.                           | The appellant and another were at a          |                        |                      |
|    |                  |                                    | Supercheap Auto store. They entered the      |                        |                      |
|    |                  | Entrenched drug dependency.        | store's storage and staff room where the     |                        |                      |
|    |                  |                                    | public are not permitted. They took items    |                        |                      |
|    |                  | Tried many drug programs without   | from the staff room table and left.          |                        |                      |
|    |                  | success.                           | 777  |                        |                      |
|    |                  | C                                  | The appellant was parked in a bus lane.      |                        |                      |
|    |                  | Breached virtually every order he  | Police identified that the appellant was     |                        |                      |
|    |                  | has been on.                       | subject to a surrender notice. In an attempt |                        |                      |
|    |                  |                                    | to speak to the appellant, police in an      |                        |                      |
|    |                  | Five occasions where parole was    | unmarked car pulled up being the appellant,  |                        |                      |

|    |                  |   | 1   |                          | ,                          |
|----|------------------|---|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|
|    |                  | cancelled.                              | activated their lights and called for him to  |                          |                            |
|    |                  |   | stop. The appellant accelerated away          | 6,5,                     |                            |
|    |                  | The residential burglary was            | heavily.                                      |                          |                            |
|    |                  | committed whilst on bail for other      |   |                          |                            |
|    |                  | offences including the commercial       |   |                          |                            |
|    |                  | burglary.                               |   |                          |                            |
| 3. | Burrows v The    | 28 yrs at time sentencing.              | Burg x 5.                                     | TES 6 yrs 6 mths imp.    | Dismissed – on papers.     |
|    | State of Western |   | Steal MV x 5.                                 | _                        |                            |
|    | Australia        | Convicted after late PG.                | Receiving x 1.                                | EFP.                     | At [32] Court found that   |
|    |                  |   |   |                          | the sentencing judge's     |
|    | [2014] WASCA     | Significant prior criminal history      | The appellant committed a series of           | In ROI declined to       | failure to quantify the    |
|    | 147              | including stealing, receiving and       | offences in a period of just over three       | answer many questions    | s9AA discount was not a    |
|    |                  | steal MV.                               | weeks.  | but did answer some;     | material error and did not |
|    | Delivered        |   |   | denied all offences      | invalidate the sentence    |
|    | 12/08/2014       | Poor compliance with court orders.      | The appellant used a stolen motor vehicle to  | except the stealing of   | imposed.                   |
|    |                  |   | commit a series of burglaries on four         | one vehicle.             |                            |
|    |                  | Stable and supportive family.           | chemists and a computer store. Property       |                          | At [39] Each of the        |
|    |                  |   | stolen included cold and flu medication,      | Appellant accepted his   | individual sentences was   |
|    |                  | Entrenched history of methyl use.       | sunglasses cash and laptop computers. In      | offending was directly   | separate and discrete and  |
|    |                  |   | two of the burglaries the appellant used a    | related to his drug use. | in those circumstances     |
|    |                  | Made efforts towards rehabilitation     | stolen vehicle to rip off the front of the    |                          | some accumulation was      |
|    |                  | whilst in custody.                      | shops.  | The appellant was        | appropriate.               |
|    |                  |   | >   | stealing medications     |                            |
|    |                  | \ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \ | In that time the appellant also stole or used | with ephedrine or        | At [43] Offending          |
|    |                  |   | five stolen motor vehicles knowing they       | pseudoephedrine with a   | conduct of this type is    |
|    |                  |   | were stolen. Whilst in his possession, he     | view to exchanging       | deserving of an            |
|    |                  |   | had caused or permitted significant damage    | them for methyl.         | appropriately lengthy      |
|    |                  |   | to them.                                      |                          | sentence of imprisonment.  |
|    |                  | X                                       |   |                          |                            |
|    |                  |   | Furthermore the appellant came into           |                          |                            |
|    |                  |   | possession of some property from a            |                          |                            |
|    |                  |   | burglary knowing that the items were          |                          |                            |

|    | T                   |                                    |   |                          | T                           |
|----|---------------------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
|    |                     |                                    | stolen.                                     |                          |                             |
| 2. | Tela v The State of | 18 yrs at time offending.          | <u>Indictment</u>                           | <u>Indictment</u>        | Dismissed – on papers.      |
|    | Western Australia   | 19 yrs at time sentencing.         | Ct 1: Agg burg.                             | Ct 1: 1 yr 6 mths imp    |                             |
|    | [No 2]              |                                    |   | (cum).                   | At [19] The indictable      |
|    |                     | Convicted after early PG.          | Ct 2: Agg burg.                             | Ct 2: 1 yr 6 mths imp    | offences were               |
|    | [2014] WASCA        |                                    |   | (conc).                  | undoubtedly serious.        |
|    | 103                 | Criminal history including possess | Ct 3: Burg.                                 | Ct 3: 1 yr imp (conc).   | They were premeditated      |
|    |                     | controlled weapon.                 |   |                          | and targeted. Substantial   |
|    | Delivered           | •                                  | Section 32                                  | Section 32               | amounts of property were    |
|    | 15/05/2014          | Employed since left school.        | Ct 1: Drive reckless to escape pursuit.     | Ct 1: 1 yr imp (cum).    | taken on each occasion.     |
|    |                     |                                    | Ct 2: Agg fail to stop.                     | Ct 2: 3 mths imp (conc). | The assault                 |
|    |                     | Positive references.               | Ct 3: No MDL.                               | Ct 3: Fine \$1000.       | occasioning bodily harm     |
|    |                     |                                    | Ct 4: AOBH.                                 | Ct 4: 3 mths imp (cum).  | was unprovoked, involved    |
|    |                     | Good and supportive family.        |   | •                        | the use of a weapon and     |
|    |                     |                                    | <u>Indictment</u>                           | TES 2 yrs 9 mths imp.    | inflicted multiple injuries |
|    |                     | Breached 6 mth CRO by              | The appellant and others committed          |                          | on an innocent victim.      |
|    |                     | committing agg burg.               | burglary on homes in order to obtain        | EFP.                     |                             |
|    |                     | 0 00 0                             | bicycles, off-road motorcycles and          |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | associated equipment.                       | Motive was greed.        |                             |
|    |                     |                                    |   | _                        |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | Section 32:                                 | Good future prospects.   |                             |
|    |                     | • &                                | Ct 1, 2 & 3:                                |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | The appellant was riding an off-road        |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | motorcycle with others. Police received a   |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | number of calls from members of the public  |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | that there were several motorcycles driving |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | around on roads with no lights on. Police   |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | pursued the appellant and two others in     |                          |                             |
|    |                     | X                                  | vehicles & by helicopter. The appellant     |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | rode his motorcycle at an excessively high  |                          |                             |
|    |                     | O'                                 | speed, with lights off and drove on the     |                          |                             |
|    |                     |                                    | incorrect side of the road. At the time the |                          |                             |
|    | •                   |                                    |   |                          |                             |

|    | 1                             |                                       |   |   |            |
|----|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|------------|
|    |                               |                                       | appellant's licence was cancelled.  |   |            |
|    |                               |                                       | Ct 4: The appellant assaulted the victim in an unprovoked attack. The appellant swung a baseball bat at the victim, narrowly missing the victim's legs. The appellant continued to swing the bat and eventually struck the victim in the back and the face. The victim suffered a bruised hip, a broken nose and severe swelling to the face. | OSECIL  |            |
| 1. | Gangemi v The                 | 35 yrs at time sentencing.            | Burg x 1.   | 4 yrs imp.                                      | Dismissed. |
|    | State of Western<br>Australia | Convicted after early PG.             | The appellant went to Scitech Discovery   | EFP.  |            |
|    | [2014] WASCA                  | Extensive criminal history of over    | which is a not-for-profit organisation with<br>the intention of stealing items to purchase  | Full admissions in ROI;                         |            |
|    | 39                            | 100 convictions; including 18 for     | drugs.  | traded the stolen                               |            |
|    | <b>D</b> 11 1                 | burglary; spent most of adult life in |   | property for drugs.                             |            |
|    | Delivered 20/02/2014          | prison.                               | He entered through an unlocked automatic sliding door and entered the office through  | Little understanding of                         |            |
|    | 20/02/2014                    | Entrenched drug problem.              | other unlocked doors. Inside the appellant  | the consequences &                              |            |
|    |                               | Zintenened drug prociems              | forced open a cupboard and took a number  | impact of his offending.                        |            |
|    |                               | Unfavourable record in response to    | of electronic devices valued at \$16,220.00.  |   |            |
|    |                               | court orders.                         |   | Sentencing judge                                |            |
|    |                               | Unsuccessful in a number of drug      | The appellant put the items in a box and carried them away. He was let out of the   | observed the appellant's repeated offending was |            |
|    |                               | treatment programmes without          | complex by a cleaner who unlocked a door  | associated with a long                          |            |
|    |                               | success.                              | which had been locked while the appellant   | history of illicit drug                         |            |
|    |                               | X 3'                                  | was in the building.  | abuse; Noted that the                           |            |
|    |                               | Committed further offences whilst     |   | appellant did not appear                        |            |
|    |                               | on bail for this offence.             | Only a small amount of the property was   | to have the alternative                         |            |
|    |                               |                                       | recovered.  | social supports which                           |            |

| Committed burglary whilst on bail | would be necessary in   |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| for a large number of other       | order for him to change |
| offences.                         | his lifestyle.          |
|                                   |                         |
|                                   | High risk of re-        |
|                                   | offending.              |